

ANCHOR SYSTEMATIC FR QI HEDGE FUND

February 2026

Minimum Disclosure Document – Class 1 | Issued 10 March 2026

ANCHOR

NAVIGATING
CHANGE

FUND PROFILE

The Anchor Systematic FR QI Hedge Fund aims to achieve high returns relative to its benchmark, with an acceptance of higher volatility compared to traditional conservative investments.

FUND OBJECTIVE

The Anchor Systematic FR QI Hedge Fund operates by trading a blended portfolio of uncorrelated systematic strategies to deliver consistent, risk-adjusted performance over the long term. The fund is designed to dynamically adjust its asset allocations based on systematic signals, thereby potentially leading to concentrated positions in sectors or securities where trends are strong. Capital allocation is balanced across positions, with dynamic sizing that adjusts based on market conditions and portfolio performance. The fund will invest in a range of instruments including, but not limited to, equity, equity-related securities, money market instruments, fixed interest securities, listed property securities, REITs, currencies, bonds, debentures, options, warrants, debt instruments, preference shares, commodities, notes, exchange traded funds (ETFs), over the counter securities, forex, spot trades, swaps, forward rate agreements (FRAs), contract for difference (CFDs), futures, structured products. The fund will also be allowed to invest in listed and unlisted financial instruments, CIS or other approved retail and qualified investor hedge funds, including offshore investments in line with conditions as determined by regulations from time to time. The strategy will focus on leveraging both long and short positions in these assets, within South African or offshore as per regulatory guidelines. The portfolio will use the Commitment method to calculate the fund's total exposure and will not exceed 350% of the net asset value of the portfolio. The manager, in consultation with the investment manager reserves the right to close the portfolio to new investors on a date determined by the manager.

FUND MANAGERS



NICK ROSENBERG

Bcom (Majors in Finance & Management)
Under Supervision

Nick joined Anchor Capital in 2024 as the head of systematic trading, and later as co-manager of the Anchor Systematic FR QI Hedge Fund. He began his career as a stockbroker at Investec Securities before transitioning into proprietary trading, where he spent over 15 years managing portfolios at leading hedge funds and proprietary trading firms. With a background in systematic investing and a strong focus on data-driven processes and risk management, Nick brings more than two decades of experience in financial markets. He holds a BCom in Finance and Management from Bond University.



LIAM HECHTER

CA(SA) CFA

Liam joined Anchor in 2014 after completing his accounting articles with KPMG. In 2017, he was appointed portfolio manager of Anchor's aggressive long/short equity mandates, and since 2018, he has managed the firm's local long-only equity unit trusts. In 2020, Liam assumed responsibility for all of Anchor's institutional hedge funds. He currently serves as portfolio manager on the Anchor Stable FR Retail Hedge Fund, Anchor Accelerator FR Retail Hedge Fund, AG Variable Fund, Musgrave Absolute Return Fund, Anchor Global Stable Hedge Fund, Anchor Systematic FR QI Hedge Fund, and the Anchor Structured Credit Fund.

FUND INFORMATION

Risk profile:



Fund Inception Date	Aug-25
Benchmark	CPI
ASISA Classification	QI Hedge Fund
Distributions	Annual Distributions Date: 31 Dec
Minimum Investments	R1 000 000
Fees (Incl. VAT):	
Service Fee	1.84%
*Inclusive of Management Fee	1.44%
Fund Size	R114.90m
Strategy Size	R2 681.77m
Participatory Interest	106 423 units
Unit Price	R1 079.53 pu

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

Growth of R100 investment (cumulative)

Performance will be shown once the required regulatory period has passed (12 months after inception date).

FUND PERFORMANCE (%)

Performance will be shown once the required regulatory period has passed (12 months after inception date).

MONTHLY RETURNS (%)

Performance will be shown once the required regulatory period has passed (12 months after inception date).

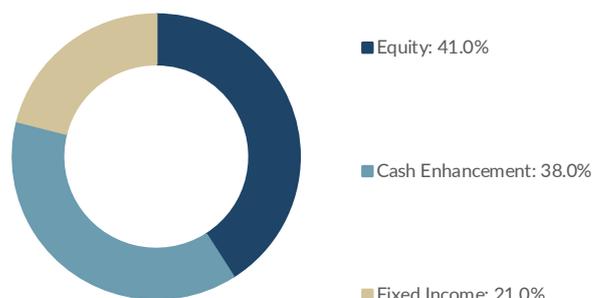
EFFECTIVE EXPOSURE AT 28 FEB 2026

Net Exposure	Local	Offshore	Total
Equity	26.1%	12.3%	38.4%
Fixed Income	24.7%	0.0%	24.7%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Net Exposure	50.8%	12.3%	63.1%

Total Gross Exposure	117.5%
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Net Exposure and Gross Exposure excludes cash, fixed income instruments, money market and fixed income unit trusts.

ASSET ALLOCATION 28 FEB 2026



INFORMATION & DISCLOSURES

INCOME DISTRIBUTION (CPU)

Annually

PORTFOLIO VALUATION

Monthly

TRANSACTION CUT OFF

Last day of the month prior, for investment on the 1st day of the next month, 10:00am.

FEES (%)

Performance Fee	15% on positive performance on HWM basis
TER & Transaction Costs**	
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	-
Transaction Costs (TC)	-
Total Investment Charge (TIC)	-
Performance Fee (PF) included in TER	-

**A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

In line with regulations governing the disclosures within this document, performance history and returns analytics will be published once the fund has reached 12 months reporting history.

CONTACT INFORMATION:

MANAGEMENT COMPANY

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GLOSSARY:

Net Asset Value (NAV): means net asset value, which is the total market value of all assets in a portfolio, including any income accruals, less deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees.

Annualised Return: is the weighted average compound growth rate over the performance period measured.

Highest & Lowest Return: The highest and lowest rolling twelve-month performance of the portfolio since inception.

Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER.

Transaction Costs (TC) reflect the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impact Fund returns.

FUND RISK:

Leverage Risk: The Fund borrows additional funds, trades on margin or performs short sale trades to amplify investment decisions. This means that the volatility of a hedge fund portfolio can be many times that of the underlying investments due to leverage in the fund.

Derivative Risk: Derivative positions are financial instruments that derive their value from an underlying asset. Derivatives are exposed to implicit leverage, which could result in magnified gains and/or losses on the portfolio.

Counterparty Credit Risk: Counterparty risk is a type of credit risk and is the risk of default by the counterparty associated with trading derivative contracts. An example of counterparty credit risk is margin or collateral held with a prime broker.

Volatility Risk: Volatility refers to uncertainty and risk related to the size of change of an instrument or portfolio. It is a statistical measure of the dispersion of returns for a given security or market index. Volatility is proportional to the directional exposure of a portfolio. It is measured by Value at Risk (VaR), which is a statistical technique used to measure and quantify the level of volatility.

MANDATORY DISCLOSURES:

Collective Investment Schemes are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. A schedule of fees, charges, minimum fees, and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager, as well as a detailed description of how performance fees are calculated and applied. The manager does not provide any guarantee with respect to the capital or the return of the portfolio. Excessive withdrawals from the fund may place the fund under liquidity pressure. In such circumstances, a process of ring-fencing of withdrawal instructions and managed payouts over time may be followed. Commission and incentives may be paid, and if so, are included in the overall costs. Portfolios may be closed to new investors to manage the fund efficiently according to its mandate. Prices are published daily on our website. Additional information, including Key Investor Information Documents, Minimum Disclosure Documents (MDDs), as well as other information relating to the portfolio, is available, free of charge, on request from the manager.

Investment performance is for illustrative purposes only. The investment performance is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown, and the income is reinvested on the reinvestment date. The performance figure given shows the yield on a Net Asset value ("NAV") basis. The yield figure is not a forecast. Performance is not guaranteed, and investors should not accept it as representing expected future performance. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, time of

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INVESTMENT MANAGER

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Total Investment Charge (TIC%) = TER (%) + TC (%): The Total Investment Charge (TIC) is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

Frequency Distribution: How often returns occur within a specified band.

Derivative: A contract that derives its value (positive or negative) from another asset.

Leverage/Gearing: The use of securities, including derivative instruments, short positions or borrowed capital to increase the exposure beyond the capital employed in an investment.

Concentration and Sector Risk: A large proportion of total assets invested in specified assets, sectors or regions. Concentrated positions or concentrated sectors in a portfolio will materially impact the returns of the portfolio more so than diversified portfolios.

Correlation Risk: A measure that determines how assets move in relation to each other. Correlation risk arises when the correlation between asset classes change. Correlation risk also arises when the correlation within an asset class changes. Examples of correlation within asset classes include equity pairs trading, fixed income curve trading and commodities pairs trading.

Equity Risk: Applies to investment in shares or derivatives based on shares. The market price of shares varies depending on supply and demand of the shares. Equity risk is the risk of loss due to the drop in the market price of shares. Equity risk can either be systematic risk, which is risk to the entire market based on political and economic indicators, or unsystematic risk, which is company-specific and includes risk relating to company profits, prospects and consensus on the company or sector.

entry/actual investment date, date of reinvestment, and dividends withholding tax. The annualised total return is the average return earned by an investment each year over a given time period. Actual annual figures are available from the manager on request.

Investors should note that the value of an investment is dependent on numerous factors, which may include, but are not limited to, share price fluctuations, interest and exchange rates and other economic factors. Where funds are invested in offshore assets, performance is further affected by uncertainties such as changes in government policy, taxation, currency risk, and other legal or regulatory developments. The Manager ensures fair treatment of investors by not offering preferential fees or liquidity terms to any investor within the same strategy. Should the portfolio invest in another Anchor co-named portfolio, the investing fund will be reimbursed for any net investment management fees incurred by this investment, so that there is no additional fee payable to Anchor.

The manager is registered and approved by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act 45 of 2002. The manager retains full legal responsibility for the portfolio Anchor Capital (Pty) Ltd (FSP No 39834 is authorised under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act 37 of 2002 to render investment management services FirstRand Bank Limited is the appointed trustee and can be contacted on 087 736 1732.

