



Climate Risk Report

WS Classic Passive Portfolio Aggressive Fund

As of: 31 December 2025

Currency: GBP



Carbon Emissions Dashboard

Carbon Footprint		Portfolio	Coverage
Allocation Base	EVIC		
● Financed Carbon Emissions tons CO2e / GBP M invested Investor Allocation: EVIC	Scope 1+2	58.8	89.0%
	Scope 3 – upstream	132.2	89.0%
	Scope 3 – downstream	356.2	89.0%
● Total Financed Carbon Emissions tons CO2e Investor Allocation: EVIC	Scope 1+2	133,185.4	89.0%
	Scope 3 – upstream	299,656.8	89.0%
	Scope 3 – downstream	807,113.8	89.0%
● Financed Carbon Intensity tons CO2e / GBP M sales Investor Allocation: EVIC	Scope 1+2	155.7	88.6%
	Scope 3 – upstream	347.1	88.6%
	Scope 3 – downstream	934.9	88.6%

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity		Portfolio	Coverage
● Corporate constituents tons CO2e / GBP M sales	Scope 1+2	131.1	89.1%
	Scope 3 – upstream	318.2	89.2%
	Scope 3 – downstream	663.4	89.2%
● Sovereign constituents tons CO2e / GBP M GDP Nominal	GHG intensity	423.6	6.9%

Fossil Fuel Exposure		Portfolio
Potential emissions from fossil fuel reserves (tCO2e / GBP M invested)		1,171.6
Fossil Fuel Based Revenue Exposure		2.7%
Thermal coal exposure (Any tie)		3.9%
Oil & Gas exposure (Any tie)		12.7%
Exposure to Power Generation		
Thermal Coal (apportioned fuel mix, % of generation)		13.8%
Green and Fossil Fuel Based Revenue Coverage		89.6%

MSCI Low Carbon Transition Risk Assessment		Portfolio
Exposure to companies classified as:		
Low Carbon Solutions		8.1%
Low Carbon Transition Risk		18.6%
Low Carbon Transition Risk Coverage		88.7%

Transition Opportunities		Portfolio
Green Revenue Exposure		6.6%
Exposure to Power Generation		
Renewables (apportioned fuel mix, % of generation)		26.8%

Companies' Transition Plans		Portfolio
Companies with GHG emission reduction targets		81.6%
Companies with targets across all scopes		58.8%
Companies with SBTi approved targets		47.6%
Companies with top quartile carbon management score		54.3%

Carbon Emissions: Sectoral Footprint

Financed Carbon Emission (S1+S2) by Sector

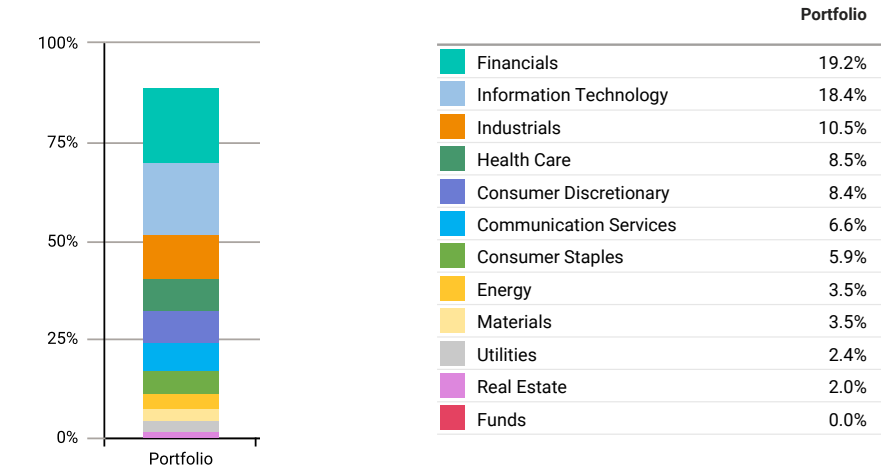
	Portfolio
Materials	494.9
Utilities	358.3
Energy	356.8
Industrials	64.2
Consumer Staples	26.8
Consumer Discretionary	19.6
Funds	11.3
Information Technology	9.4
Communication Services	7.4
Real Estate	7.3
Financials	6.7
Health Care	5.6
Total	58.8

Sectoral Contribution to Financed Carbon Emissions (S1+S2)

	Portfolio
Communication Services	0.9%
Consumer Discretionary	3.1%
Consumer Staples	3.0%
Energy	23.8%
Financials	2.5%
Funds	0.0%
Health Care	0.9%
Industrials	12.9%
Information Technology	3.3%
Materials	32.7%
Real Estate	0.3%
Utilities	16.6%

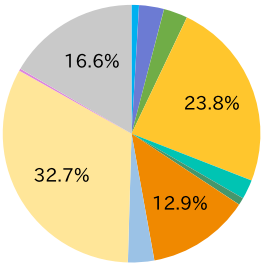
Sector Weight to Financed Carbon Emissions (S1+S2)

Market Cap Weight



The column chart shows the composition of the portfolio by market capitalization to financed carbon emissions. This highlights that dominant sectors, in terms of emissions, tend to be Energy, Utilities, and Materials.

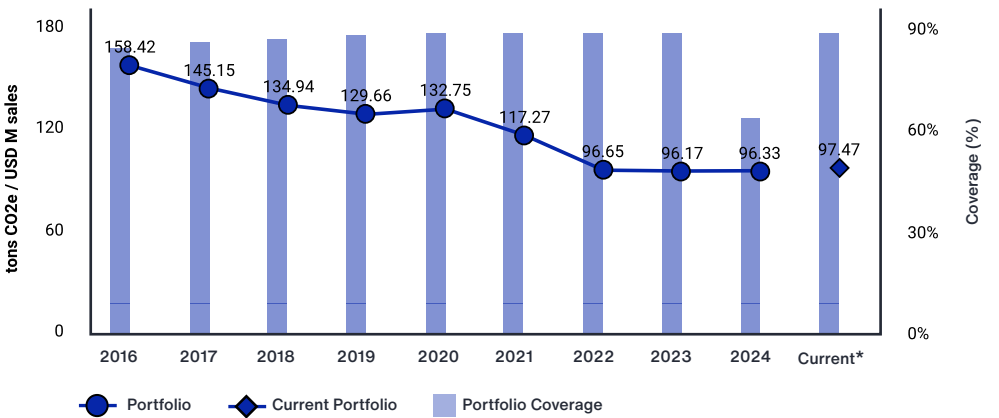
Contribution to Financed Carbon Emissions



The pie chart shows the composition by each sector's contribution to financed carbon emissions. This highlights that dominant sectors, in terms of emissions, tend to be Energy, Utilities, and Materials.

Carbon Emission: Trends and Profile

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of Current Holdings Over Time



* Current refers to the selected analysis date and provides additional context to the analysis. For example, the figure shown could either be in the past at a specific point in time, or the present date if not specified.

Change across 5 years = -27.8% **Change since baseline NZ year of 2019 = -24.8%**

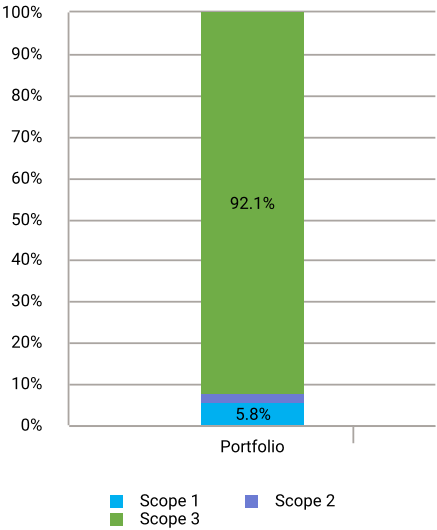
The chart above shows change over time of the weighted average carbon intensity (WACI) of the portfolio constituents and weights at the date of analysis. This analysis is intended to provide an understanding of how the companies in the portfolio have decarbonised over time, as investors increasingly monitor decarbonisation to support climate commitments such as net zero.

The portfolio WACI is illustrated with blue circles. Please note that the analysis does not take into account changes in constituents over this time period.

Portfolio coverage of this metric is also provided which provides contextual information. For example, a lower WACI figure may be related to lower coverage of that metric in a certain year. There can be lower coverage due to companies' reporting cycles and take time in different regions around the world.

Also provided is a % change of the WACI over a 5-year period and a % change compared to the commonly used net zero baseline year of 2019 for further monitoring and reporting.

Contribution of Emissions by Scope



The chart above illustrates the emissions profile of the portfolio denoting the share between Scopes 1, 2, and 3 emissions. Please note Scope 3 here utilises a combination of estimated and reported emissions data.

Climate Scenario Analysis

Climate Value at Risk

Selected Scenario : 1.5°C NGFS Orderly

	1.5°C NGFS Orderly	1.5° REMIND NGFS Orderly	1.5° REMIND NGFS Disorderly	2° REMIND NGFS Orderly	3° REMIND NGFS NDC
	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio
Policy Climate Var (Scope 1,2,3)	-13.7%	-13.7%	-13.7%	-2.7%	-4.1%
Technology Opportunities Climate VaR	1.4%	1.4%	1.7%	0.3%	0.5%
Physical Climate VaR Aggressive	-1.4%	-1.4%	-1.4%	-2.3%	-3.2%
Aggregated Climate VaR	-13.7%	-13.7%	-13.4%	-4.7%	-6.8%

Physical Climate Value at Risk Detail

Selected Scenario : Aggressive

Chronic Risks (0.5° global grid)

 Extreme Heat -0.6%	 Extreme Cold 0.1%	 Wind Gusts 0.0%	 Heavy Snowfall 0.0%	 Heavy Precipitation -0.1%
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Acute Risk (high res)

 Tropical Cyclones -0.2%	 Coastal Flooding -0.6%	 Fluvial Flooding 0.0%	 River Low Flow -0.6%	 Wildfires 0.0%
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Aggregate Physical Climate VaR

-1.4%

Climate VaR Portfolio Coverage Summary

	Portfolio
Policy Climate VaR (Scope 1,2,3)	86.3%
Technology Opportunities Climate VaR	78.8%
Physical Climate VaR	86.0%

Top 10 Physical Risk Climate VaR Companies

Security	Physical Risk Climate VaR Contribution	Primary Physical Risk Hazard
CARNIVAL PLC	-0.04%	 Coastal Flooding
FORTESCUE LTD	-0.02%	 Coastal Flooding
BP P.L.C.	-0.02%	 Coastal Flooding
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	-0.02%	 Extreme Heat
UNILEVER PLC	-0.01%	 Coastal Flooding
ITOCHU Corporation	-0.01%	 Coastal Flooding
SHELL PLC	-0.01%	 Extreme Heat
EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION	-0.01%	 Coastal Flooding
ENEOS Holdings, Inc.	-0.01%	 Coastal Flooding
TESCO PLC	-0.01%	 Extreme Wind

The table provides information on the most exposed companies to physical risk exposure in the portfolio such as extreme weather events in the selected physical risk scenario. However, physical risks can be both positive and negative and be expressed in both positive and negative values. MSCI currently models ten hazards including extreme heat and cold, coastal and river flooding, wildfires as well as wind gusts and precipitation. Physical changes can be event-driven ('acute') or longer-term in nature ('chronic').

Climate Value at Risk

Top 10 Aggregated Climate VaR Risk Contributors

Security	Aggregated Policy Risk Climate VaR	Technology Opportunities Climate VaR	Physical Risk Climate VaR	Aggregated Climate VaR	Weight (%)	Climate VaR Risk Contribution
SHELL PLC	-100.00%	9.56%	-1.52%	-91.96%	0.74%	-0.68%
SHELL PLC	-100.00%	9.56%	-1.52%	-91.96%	0.37%	-0.34%
BP P.L.C.	-100.00%	7.82%	-4.29%	-96.47%	0.31%	-0.30%
RIO TINTO PLC	-100.00%	1.99%	-0.94%	-98.95%	0.25%	-0.25%
GLENCORE PLC	-100.00%	0.00%	-3.63%	-100.00%	0.17%	-0.17%
BHP GROUP LIMITED	-88.47%	0.00%	-1.19%	-89.66%	0.18%	-0.16%
EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION	-100.00%	0.08%	-6.22%	-100.00%	0.15%	-0.15%
BP P.L.C.	-100.00%	7.82%	-4.29%	-96.47%	0.15%	-0.15%
ANGLO AMERICAN PLC	-100.00%	0.01%	-1.02%	-100.00%	0.14%	-0.14%
TOYOTA MOTOR CORPORATION	-52.00%	3.91%	-2.73%	-50.82%	0.23%	-0.12%

The table provides an overview of the companies with the highest negative Aggregated Climate VaR contribution in the portfolio. The position weight of each individual security in the portfolio is multiplied by the Aggregated Climate VaR to establish the Climate VaR risk contribution of the portfolio. Aggregated Climate VaR in this chart is the sum of Policy Risk from Direct GHG Emissions (Scope 1) Climate VaR, Technology Opportunities Climate VaR and Physical Climate VaR for the selected scenario.

Climate VaR numbers are calculated at the security level, i.e. 2 securities associated with the same issuer could have different Climate VaR.

Portfolio Level Sovereign Climate VaR Results

	Portfolio
1p5C NGFS Orderly	-2.78%
1p5C NGFS Disorderly	-2.56%
2C NGFS Orderly	-0.86%
2C NGFS Disorderly	-1.32%
3C NGFS Current Policies	0.06%
3C NGFS	-0.56%
Coverage	6.34%

Portfolio Weights of Largest Contributor Countries by Time-to-maturity

Country/Duration	Total
United States	34.86%
All other countries	12.88%
China	10.41%
United Kingdom	10.31%
Japan	9.57%
France	5.68%
Italy	5.27%
Germany	4.38%
Spain	3.57%
Canada	1.72%
Poland	1.35%
Total	100.00%

Total includes all other country buckets not listed in the above list.

Coverage here denotes total portfolio coverage across all asset classes, not only the sovereign portion of the portfolio. The coverage metrics presented in this report are computed in the context of the entire long-only side of the portfolio – no weight adjustments are performed for the respective scopes of corporate or sovereign exposures.

Understanding Sovereign Climate VaR

Sovereign Bond Climate VaR is designed to provide a forward-looking and return-based valuation assessment to measure climate related risks in a sovereign bond investment portfolio. The fully quantitative model offers insights into how climate change could affect sovereign bond valuations through the use of a stress testing framework.

It estimates the change in the sovereign yield curve when market expectations move from a climate-agnostic baseline expectation to any other climate scenario. Yield curve changes are then used to stress test the value of local-currency sovereign bonds.

The model produces two types of outputs: the potential impact of climate change and economic decarbonization on implied yield curves and sovereign bond valuations.

Implied Temperature Rise

MSCI Implied Temperature Rise Company Analysis

Aggregated Implied Temperature Rise

Portfolio: 2.5°C

Implied Temperature Rise: Companies with Highest Temperature Alignment

Company Name	Weight	Implied Temperature Rise
7-ELEVEN, INC.	0.0%	10.0°C
ABU DHABI NATIONAL OIL COMPANY FOR DISTRIBUTION PJSC	0.0%	10.0°C
ACWA POWER Company SJSC	0.0%	10.0°C
ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC.	0.0%	10.0°C
ADVANSIX INC.	0.0%	10.0°C
AECC AVIATION POWER CO,LTD	0.0%	10.0°C
AIR LIQUIDE FINANCE SA	0.0%	10.0°C
AIR PRODUCTS AND CHEMICALS, INC.	0.0%	10.0°C
ALGOMA STEEL INC.	0.0%	10.0°C
ALIMENTATION COUCHE-TARD INC.	0.0%	10.0°C

Implied Temperature Rise: Companies with Lowest Temperature Alignment

Company Name	Weight	Implied Temperature Rise
ADOBE INC.	0.2%	1.3°C
AIA Group Limited	0.1%	1.3°C
A1 Towers Holding GmbH	0.0%	1.3°C
AB Sveriges Sakerstallda Obligationer (publ)	0.0%	1.3°C
ABN AMRO Bank N.V.	0.0%	1.3°C
ACCENTURE CAPITAL INC.	0.0%	1.3°C
AECOM	0.0%	1.3°C
AIB GROUP PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	0.0%	1.3°C
AIRBNB, INC.	0.0%	1.3°C
ALECTRA INC.	0.0%	1.3°C

Implied Temperature Rise

The Implied Temperature Rise (ITR) metric provides an indication of how well public companies align with global temperature goals. Expressed in degrees Celsius, it is an intuitive, forward-looking that shows how a company aligns with the ambitions of the Paris Agreement – which is to keep a global temperature rise this century well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase even further to 1.5°C. The portfolio-level Implied Temperature Rise compares the sum of “owned” projected GHG emissions against the sum of “owned” carbon budgets for the underlying fund holdings. The portfolio's total estimated carbon budget over- / undershoot is then converted to a degree of temperature rise (°C) using the TCRE. The allocation base used to define ownership is Enterprise Value including Cash (EVIC) in order to enable the analysis of equity and corporate bond portfolios.