



Investment Objective

The objective of the fund is to generate absolute returns irrespective of market direction and create long-term wealth for investors.

Fund Profile

The portfolio is a multi-strategy hedge fund which allocates to a range of underlying best-in-class Fairtree hedge fund strategies across three asset classes (equity, fixed income and commodities). The portfolio targets a volatility profile between 12-15% which shapes how we blend the portfolio across asset classes. As a result of the volatility signature, the fund is best suited for investors with a long-term time horizon (5 years plus). The portfolio is rebalanced back to its strategic asset allocation (SAA) at least monthly. The Wild Fig strategy has two levels of portfolio management. The Strategic Asset Allocation (SAA) and subsequent aggregate portfolio risk is managed by the Wild Fig Multi Strategy team. Underlying security selection and alpha generation within asset classes and strategies are generated by independent portfolio management teams without a centralized house view.

Fund Details

Fund Name	Fairtree Wild Fig Multi-Strategy USD Segregated Portfolio
Risk Profile	Medium - High
Portfolio Manager	Bradley Anthony and Kurt van der Walt
Fund Size	\$ 27.09 m
Nav Price (as at month end)	158.63
Number of Units	202,297.44
Inception Date	1 March 2023
Scheme Classification	Qualified Investor Hedge Fund
Minimum Investment	\$100,000
Service Fee	1.50% per annum
Performance Fee	20%

Cost ratios (incl. VAT)

Total Expense Ratio (TER%):	4.15%
Performance Fee (PF) Included in TER:	1.98%
Transactions Cost Ratio (TC%)	0.44%
** Total Investment Charges (TIC%):	4.59%
* Total Investment Charges (TIC%) = TER (%) + TC (%)	
** TIC Fees are calculated in respect of the 12 months up to and including June 2025	

Income Distribution

31 December 2024	0.00 cents per unit (cpu)
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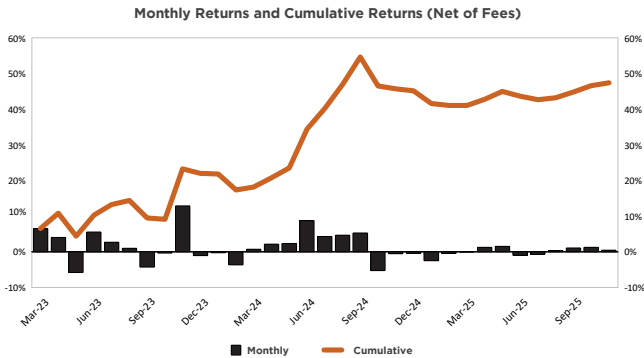
Investment Manager Contact Details

ops@fairtreeinternational.com

RETURN ANALYSIS (ANNUALISED)

	Fund	3M US LiBor
1 Year	1.17%	4.39%
3 Years	n/a	n/a
5 Years	n/a	n/a
10 Years	n/a	n/a
Since Inception	15.16%	4.96%

CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE SINCE INCEPTION



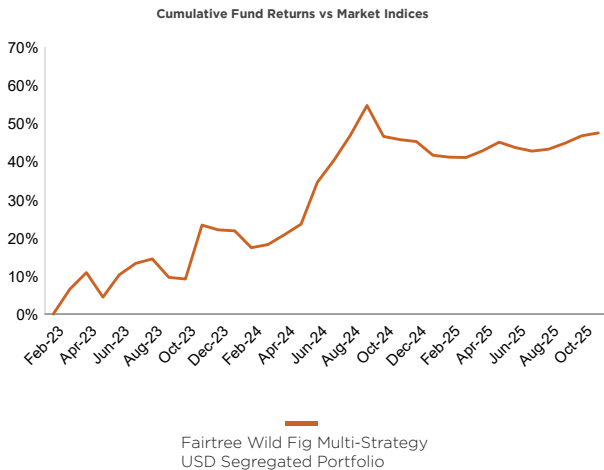
RISK ANALYSIS

	Fund	3M US LiBor
Sharpe Ratio	0.77	n/a
Sortino Ratio	1.73	n/a
Standard Deviation	13.21%	n/a
Best Month	12.92%	0.45%
Worst Month	-5.78%	0.33%
Highest Rolling 12 Months	41.17%	5.45%
Lowest Rolling 12 Months	-6.37%	4.39%
Largest Cumulative Drawdown	-8.80%	n/a
% Positive Months (Since Incept.)	57.58%	100.00%
Correlation (Monthly)	0.22	

The above benchmark(s) are for comparison purposes with the fund's performance. The fund does not follow the benchmark(s).

The investment performance is for illustrative purposes only; the investment performance is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown; assuming income is reinvested on the reinvestment date.

CUMULATIVE FUND RETURNS





	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
2023			6.53%	4.03%	-5.78%	5.61%	2.72%	0.99%	-4.25%	-0.35%	12.92%	-0.99%	22.05%
2024	-0.19%	-3.66%	0.73%	2.15%	2.33%	8.83%	4.29%	4.72%	5.29%	-5.27%	-0.53%	-0.36%	18.95%
2025	-2.46%	-0.37%	-0.03%	1.25%	1.57%	-0.97%	-0.65%	0.36%	1.11%	1.28%	0.52%		1.54%

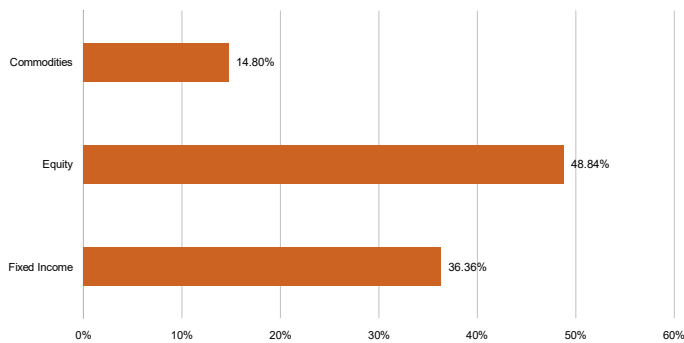
Risk Profile

Risk Level

Low	Low-Medium	Medium	Medium-High	High
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The risk category shown is not guaranteed and may change over time. The lowest category does not mean the investment is risk free. There may be other special areas of risk relating to the investment including liquidity risk, credit risk, market risk, and settlement risk. Fairtree Capital International IC Limited, ("the investment manager"), and the representative office do not render financial advice. Our risk indicator does not imply that the portfolio is suitable for all types of investors. You are advised to consult your financial adviser.

Asset Allocations



Market Commentary

Quarterly Fund Performance

The Fairtree Wild Fig Multi Strategy USD Segregated Portfolio delivered positive returns in the third quarter, with the combined performance of the last two quarters helping to recover the losses experienced in Q1. The portfolio remains diversified across numerous strategies, and we remain confident in its ability to deliver on its objective (attractive absolute returns irrespective of market direction) over the long term.

Monthly Macro

Global markets were broadly flat in November as renewed concerns about stretched technology valuations, shifting expectations for central-bank policy, and weaker global growth data dampened risk appetite. Equity returns were modest, with the MSCI World Index rising 0.3% and the JSE delivering a stronger 1.7% gain as resources outperformed. In the US, the S&P 500 added 0.3%, the Dow gained 0.5% and the Nasdaq fell 1.6%. Europe delivered mixed returns, while China saw a 2.4% decline. Commodities were mixed, with gold up nearly 6%, silver up 17%, copper up about 3% and Brent crude down roughly 3%.

Sharp swings marked US markets as investors oscillated between fears of an AI valuation bubble and optimism around a potentially more dovish Federal Reserve. A 43-day government shutdown delayed key economic data releases, contributing to spikes in volatility early in the month. Inflation indicators showed pockets of firming while labour-market readings softened, complicating the policy outlook but ultimately boosting expectations for a December rate cut as more dovish Fed commentary emerged. The macro uncertainty led to a rotation out of Mega-Cap technology stocks and into defensive and interest-rate-sensitive sectors. Nvidia faced its weakest month since 2022, while Alphabet benefited from renewed optimism around its AI positioning. Despite the volatility, a late Thanksgiving rally helped lift major indices narrowly into positive territory.

European markets were steadier but still weighed down by sluggish economic indicators. Manufacturing activity remained weak across major economies, although services continued to provide support, helping third-quarter GDP growth remain slightly positive. Inflation in the Eurozone hovered close to the ECB's target, reinforcing expectations that rates would remain unchanged for some time. Comments from President Trump hinting at potential progress in Ukraine peace discussions briefly supported sentiment, although sectors sensitive to geopolitical risks, such as defence, weakened. Banking shares also retreated as lower rates pressured net interest margins. In the UK, the November Budget was surprisingly market-friendly, with greater fiscal headroom and lower-than-expected gilt issuance supporting both equities and gilts. Softer inflation and labour-market data increased expectations of Bank of England rate cuts, and the weaker pound provided a boost to larger, globally focused UK companies.

South African markets were buoyed by an improving domestic backdrop and more constructive global conditions. The SARB resumed its easing cycle with a 25-basis-point cut to 6.75% and National Treasury finalised the shift to the 3% inflation target, both of which improved the medium-term policy outlook. S&P upgraded South Africa's sovereign rating to BB with a positive outlook, building on the momentum from the country's removal from the FATF grey list a month earlier. Local data was supportive, with inflation rising only marginally to 3.6%, core inflation easing further, and retail sales delivering a solid 3.1% year-on-year gain. These developments drove meaningful foreign inflows, helping the rand appreciate 1.3% and pushing the 10-year bond yield to around 8.5%. Equity market performance was driven by powerful sector rotation: resources surged on stronger gold and platinum prices, while industrials lagged due to weakness in technology and retail counters.

Chinese equities continued to struggle as weak domestic demand, soft PMI readings and renewed property-sector stress weighed on sentiment. Manufacturing activity remained below 50, services activity slipped to a three-year low, and retail sales slowed to 2.9%, underscoring the fragility of the recovery. Concerns surrounding an AI-related global tech sell-off added pressure, and sentiment deteriorated further when China Vanke delayed an onshore bond repayment, reviving worries about the depth of state support for real estate. Despite the macro strain, foreign investors continued rebuilding positions, with inflows picking up through the month on expectations of additional stimulus in early 2026.

Commodities reflected the divergence in global economic conditions. Precious metals were the standout, supported by safe-haven demand, dollar weakness and continued central-bank buying, with gold rising close to 6% and silver 17%. Copper gained around 3% as supply disruptions and electrification-linked demand tightened the market. Oil prices declined about 3% despite producer attempts to pause output increases, as expectations of softer global demand overshadowed supply restraint. Iron ore dipped slightly on concerns about slowing Chinese consumption, while agricultural markets were mixed as trade flows shifted and US weather patterns influenced pricing.

Please Note: The above commentary is based on reasonable assumptions and is not guaranteed to occur.

Fund mandate summary

Underlying Capital (Millions)	Month-End	\$ 27.09 m		
Leverage (X Underlying Capital)	Month-End	195.54%	Monthly Average	208.72%
Directional Exposure (% of Underlying Capital)	Month-End	34.79%	Monthly Average	41.29%
Largest Equity Position (% of Underlying Capital)	Month-End	12.82%	Monthly Maximum	13.23%
Portfolio Liquidity (days)	Month-End	0.2	Monthly Average	0.2
Number of Long Positions	Month-End	485	Monthly Average	487
Number of Short Positions	Month-End	429	Monthly Average	428



Fund Risk

Leverage Risk:	The Fund borrows additional funds, trades on margin or performs short sale trades to amplify investment decisions. This means that the volatility of a hedge fund portfolio can be many times that of the underlying investments due to leverage on a fund.
Derivative Risk:	Derivative positions are financial instruments that derive their value from an underlying asset. Derivatives are exposed to implicit leverage which could result in magnified gains and/or losses on the portfolio.
Counterparty Credit Risk:	Counterparty risk is a type of credit risk and is the risk of default by the counterparty associated with trading derivative contracts. An example of counterparty credit risk is margin or collateral held with a prime broker.
Volatility Risk:	Volatility refers to uncertainty and risk related to size of change of an instrument or portfolio. It is a statistical measure of the dispersion of returns for a given security or market index. Volatility is proportional to the directional exposure of a portfolio and is measured by Value at risk (VaR) which is a statistical technique used to measure and quantify the level of volatility.
Concentration and Sector Risk:	A large proportion of total assets invested in specific assets, sectors or regions. Concentrated positions or concentrated sectors in a portfolio will material impact the returns of the portfolio more so than diversified portfolios.
Correlation Risk:	A measure that determines how assets move in relation to each other. Correlation risk arises when the correlation between asset-classes change. Correlation risk also arises when the correlation within an asset-class changes. Examples of correlation within asset classes include equity pairs trading, fixed income curve trading and commodities pairs trading.
Equity Risk:	The market price of shares varies depending on supply and demand of the shares. Equity risk is the risk of loss due to the drop in the market price of shares.
Currency/Exchange Rate Risk:	Assets of a fund may be denominated in a currency other than the Base Currency of the fund and changes in the exchange rate between the Base Currency and the currency of the asset may lead to a depreciation of the value of the fund's assets as expressed in the Base Currency.

Glossary

Net Asset Value (NAV):	Means net asset value, which is the total market value of all assets in a portfolio including any income accruals and less and deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees.
Annualised Return:	Is the weighted average compound growth rate over the performance period measured.
Highest & Lowest Return:	The highest and lowest rolling twelve-month performance of the portfolio since inception.
Total Expense Ratio (TER):	Reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's.
Transaction Costs (TC):	Is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns.
Total Investment Charge (TIC):	Should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager.
Total Investment Charges (TIC%):	= TER (%) + TC (%): The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).
Leverage/Gearing:	The use of securities, including derivative instruments, short positions or borrowed capital to increase the exposure beyond the capital employed to an investment.
Alpha:	Denoted the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.
Sharpe Ratio:	The ratio of excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the total volatility of the portfolio.
Sortino Ratio:	The ratio of excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the downside deviation of the portfolio.
Standard Deviation:	The deviation of the return of the portfolio relative to its average.
Drawdown:	The greatest peak to trough loss until a new peak is reached.
Correlation:	A number between -1 and 1 indicating the similarity of the dispersion of returns between the portfolio and another asset or index with 1 being highly correlated, -1 highly negatively correlated and 0 uncorrelated.
Value at Risk (VaR):	Value at risk is the minimum loss percentage that can be expected over a specified time period at a predetermined confidence level
Performance Fees:	Performance fees will be calculated and accrued on a daily basis based upon the daily outperformance, in excess of the benchmark, multiplied by the share rate and paid over to the manager monthly.

Portfolio Valuation & Transaction Cut - Off

Portfolios are valued monthly. The cut off time for processing investment subscriptions is 5:00pm (South African time) on the last business day of the prior month. Redemptions are subject to one calendar months notice.

Total Expense Ratio:

A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the financial product and impacts financial product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.



Mandatory Disclosures

Investment Manager: Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd, Registration Number: 2004/033269/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (FSP25917) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. Fairtree Wild Fig Multi-Strategy USD Segregated Portfolio is approved by the FSCA under Section 65 of the Collective Investment Scheme Control Act 2002 and has been categorised as a Collective Investment Scheme in Qualified Investor Hedge Fund for public sale in South Africa. Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request. Forward pricing is used. The Manager retains responsibility for any portfolio marketed on its platform. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Prices are published monthly on our website. An investor in the fund may experience a loss. No investor or prospective investor should assume that any information presented in this fact sheet serves as the receipt of, or a substitute for, personalized individual advice from Fairtree Wild Fig Multi-Strategy USD Segregated Portfolio or any other investment professional. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. This is a marketing communication. Further fund details, including risks, fees and expenses, and other information, such as the Offering Memorandum, Key Investor Information Documents (KIIDs) and other documentation (collectively, the Fund Documents), which can be obtained by emailing ops@fairtreeinternational.com. Please refer to the Fund Documents and consider all of a fund's characteristics before making any final investment decisions. This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute or form part of any offer to issue or sell or any solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or purchase any particular investments. Opinions expressed in this document may be changed without notice at any time after publication. We therefore disclaim any liability for any loss, liability, damage (whether direct or consequential) or expense of any nature whatsoever which may be suffered as a result of or which may be attributable directly or indirectly to the use of or reliance upon the information. The reinvestment of income is calculated on the actual amount distributed per participatory interest, using the ex-dividend date NAV price of the applicable class of the portfolio, irrespective of the actual reinvestment date.

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